



Summary Prospectus

Investor Class Shares

May 1, 2016

Before you invest, you may want to review the fund's prospectus, which contains information about the fund and its risks. The fund's prospectus and statement of additional information, both dated May 1, 2016, are incorporated by reference into this summary prospectus. You can find the fund's prospectus and other information about the fund online at www.usfunds.com. You can also get this information at no cost by calling 1-800-US-FUNDS.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The China Region Fund seeks long-term growth of capital.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold Investor Class shares of the fund. These fees are paid directly from your investment.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum sales charge	None
Redemption fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed, as applicable, on fund shares held 7 days or less)	0.05%

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management fee	1.13%
Distribution and/or service (12b-1) fees	0.25%
Other expenses	1.65%
Acquired fund fees and expenses	0.05%
Total annual fund operating expenses	3.08%

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Investor Class of the fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% annual return and the fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your cost would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$311	\$951	\$1,616	\$3,392

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes where fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual

fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. The fund had a portfolio turnover rate of 210% for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Adviser uses a matrix of "top-down" macro models and "bottom-up" micro stock selection models to determine weighting in countries, sectors and individual securities. The Adviser believes government policies are a precursor to change, and as a result, it monitors and tracks the fiscal and monetary policies of the world's largest countries both in terms of economic stature and population. The Adviser focuses on historical and socioeconomic cycles, and it applies both statistical and fundamental models, including "growth at a reasonable price" (GARP), to identify companies with superior growth and value metrics. The Adviser overlays these explicit knowledge models with the tacit knowledge obtained by domestic and global travel for first-hand observation of local and geopolitical conditions, as well as specific companies and projects.

The Adviser's "bottom-up" stock selection approach is generally characterized as growth at a reasonable price, which focuses on three key drivers: revenue growth, cash flow and return on equity. The Adviser searches for growth companies that have strong fundamentals and are also trading at reasonable valuations. The fund may invest in companies of any market capitalization.

Under normal market conditions, the China Region Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets in equity and equity-related securities of companies located in the China region. The equity and equity-related securities in which the fund primarily invests are common stocks, preferred stocks, convertible securities, rights and warrants, and depository receipts (ADRs and GDRs).

The China region is defined as any country that either shares a border with China or is located in the South China Sea or the East China Sea and includes: the People's Republic of China (PRC or China), Bangladesh, Cambodia, Hong Kong, India, Indonesia, Kazakhstan, Korea, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Malaysia, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Philippines, Singapore, Taiwan, Tajikistan, Thailand and Vietnam.

The fund will consider investments in the China region to be the following:

1. securities of issuers organized under the laws of the countries within the China region;
2. securities of issuers that have at least 50% of their assets in one or more China region countries;

3. securities of issuers that derive at least 50% of their gross revenues or profits from providing goods or services to or from one or more China region countries at the time of the fund's investment; or
4. securities of issuers that are primarily traded on the China, Taiwan or Hong Kong exchanges.

The China Region Fund will invest in both established and emerging companies registered and operating in China and the China region. These will include wholly Chinese-owned enterprises, wholly foreign-owned enterprises and Sino-foreign joint ventures. While portfolio holdings may be geographically dispersed, the fund anticipates that the trading activities of the fund in People's Republic of China (PRC) securities will be focused in the authorized China securities market; in particular, the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Trading activities of the fund in securities other than PRC securities may take place on China region exchanges such as the Taiwan, Korea, Singapore, Malaysia and Indonesia stock exchanges, among others.

The fund is non-diversified and, therefore, may invest a greater percentage of its assets in a particular issuer in comparison to a diversified fund.

The fund also may purchase call and put options, and enter into covered option writing transactions. In addition, the fund may invest up to 15% of its net assets in illiquid securities.

The Adviser uses a matrix of statistical models to monitor market volatility and money flows, and as a result, the fund may at times maintain higher than normal cash levels. For example, the Adviser may take a temporary defensive position when the securities trading markets or the economy are experiencing excessive volatility, a prolonged general decline, or other adverse conditions.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

- **Main Risk.** As with all mutual funds, loss of money is a risk of investing in the fund.
- **Market Risk.** The value of the fund's shares will go up and down based on the performance of the companies whose securities it owns and other factors affecting the securities market generally.
- **Portfolio Management Risk.** The skill of the Adviser will play a significant role in the fund's ability to achieve its investment objectives. There is a risk that the investment strategy does not achieve the fund's objectives or that the Adviser does not implement the strategy properly.
- **Portfolio Turnover Risk.** The fund's portfolio turnover rates vary from year to year according to market conditions and may exceed 100%. The length of time the fund has held a particular security is not generally a consideration in investment decisions. It is the policy of the fund to effect portfolio transactions without regard to a holding period if, in the judgment of the portfolio managers, such transactions are advisable. Portfolio turnover generally involves some expense, including brokerage commissions, dealer mark-ups, or other transaction costs on the sale of securities and reinvestment in other securities. Such sales may result in realization of taxable capital gains for shareholders.
- **Foreign Securities Risk/Emerging Markets Risk.** The fund's investments in foreign securities are subject to special risks. The fund's returns and share price may be affected to a large degree by several factors including, fluctuations in currency exchange rates; political, social or economic instability; the rule of law with respect to the recognition and protection of property rights; and less stringent accounting, disclosure and financial reporting requirements in a particular country. These risks are generally intensified in emerging markets, which include those countries in which the fund invests. The fund's share prices will reflect the movements of the different stock markets in which it is invested and the currencies in which its investments are denominated.
- **Geographic Concentration Risk.** The fund concentrates its investments in companies located in the China region. Because of this, companies in the fund's portfolio may react similarly to political, social, and economic developments in any of the China region countries. For example, many companies in the same region may be dependent on related government fiscal policies. Companies may be adversely affected by new or unanticipated legislative changes that could affect the value of such companies and, therefore, a fund's share price. Additionally, developing countries, such as those in China, may subject the Fund's investments to a number of tax rules, and the application of many of those rules may be uncertain. China has implemented a number of tax reforms in recent years, and may amend or revise its existing tax laws and/or procedures in the future, possibly with retroactive effect. Uncertainties in Chinese tax rules could result in unexpected tax liabilities for the Fund. A fund's return and share price may be more volatile than those of a less concentrated portfolio.
- **Government Relationship Risk.** While companies in China may be subject to limitations on their business relationships under Chinese law, these laws may not be consistent with certain political and security concerns of the U.S. As a result, Chinese companies may have material direct or indirect business relationships with governments that are considered state sponsors of terrorism by the U.S. government, or governments that otherwise have policies in conflict with the U.S. government (an "Adverse Government"). If the China Region Fund invests in companies that have or develop a material business relationship with an Adverse Government, then the fund will be subject to the risk that these companies' reputation and price in the market will be adversely or negatively affected.
- **Sector Risk.** The fund may invest a significant amount of its total assets in certain sectors, which may be subject to specific risks. These risks include governmental regulation of the sector and governmental monetary and fiscal policies which may negatively affect a particular sector. In addition, governmental policies towards international trade and tariffs may affect particular sectors.
- **Growth Stock Risk.** Growth stocks generally experience share price fluctuations as the market reacts to changing perceptions of the underlying companies' growth potentials and broader economic activities.
- **Non-Diversification Risk.** The fund is non-diversified and may invest a significant portion of its total assets in a small number of companies. This may cause the performance of

the fund to be dependent upon the performance of one or more selected companies, which may increase the volatility of the fund.

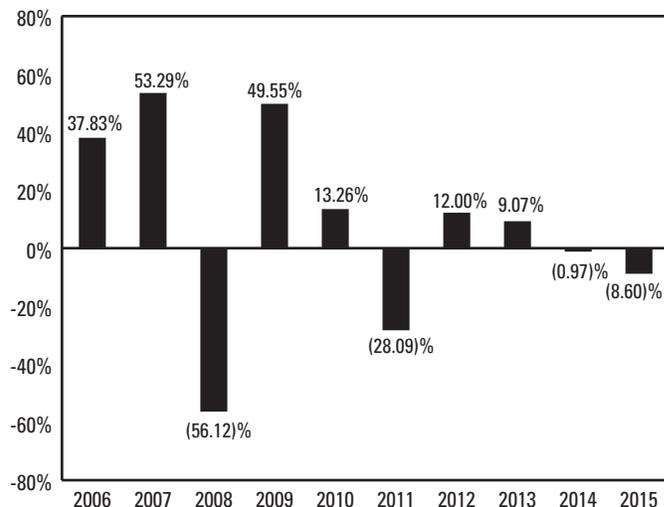
- **Options Risk.** Investing in options, LEAPS (an option that has an expiration date of up to two and one half years), and other instruments with option-type elements may increase the volatility and/or transaction expenses of the fund. An option may expire without value, resulting in a loss of the fund's initial investment and may be less liquid and more volatile than an investment in the underlying securities. As the writer of an option, the Fund may have no control over when the underlying instruments must be sold (in the case of a call option) or purchased (in the case of a put option) because the option purchaser may notify the Fund of exercise at any time prior to the expiration of the option.
- **Illiquidity Risk.** Illiquid securities are those securities that cannot be disposed of in seven days or less at approximately the value at which a fund carries them on its balance sheet. These investments may involve a high degree of business and financial risk.
- **Warrants Risk.** Warrants can provide a greater potential for profit or loss than an equivalent investment in the underlying security. Prices of warrants do not necessarily move, however, in tandem with prices of the underlying securities, particularly for shorter periods of time, and, therefore, may be considered speculative investments. If a warrant held by the fund were not exercised by the date of its expiration, the fund would incur a loss in the amount of the cost of the warrant.
- **Depository Receipts Risk.** ADR and GDR risks include, but are not limited to, fluctuations in foreign currencies and foreign investment risks, such as political and financial instability, less liquidity and greater volatility, lack of uniform accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and increased price volatility. In addition, ADRs and GDRs may not track the price of the underlying foreign securities, and their value may change materially at times when the U.S. markets are not open for trading. Investments in unsponsored depository receipts may be subject to additional risks.
- **Convertible Securities Risk.** Convertible securities entail interest rate and credit risks. While fixed-income securities generally have a priority claim on a corporation's assets over that of common stock, convertible securities held by the fund that are rated below investment grade (i.e., "junk bonds") are subject to special risks, including the risk of default in interest or principal payments, which could result in a loss of income to the fund or a decline in the market value of the securities.
- **Restricted Securities Risk.** The fund may make direct equity investments in securities that are subject to contractual and regulatory restrictions on transfer. These investments may involve a high degree of business and financial risk. The restrictions on transfer may cause the fund to hold a security at a time when it may be beneficial to liquidate the security, and the security could decline significantly in value before the fund could liquidate the security.

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

The following bar chart and table show the volatility of the fund's Investor Class share returns, which is one indicator of the risks of investing in the fund. The bar charts show changes in the fund's returns from year to year during the period indicated. The table compares the fund's average annual returns for the last 1-, 5- and 10-year periods to those of broad-based securities market indexes. How the fund performed in the past, before and after taxes, is not an indication of how it will perform in the future. You may obtain performance data current to the most recent month end at www.usfunds.com or by calling 1-800-873-8637.

Annual Total Returns (as of December 31 each year)

China Region Fund



Best quarter shown in the bar chart above: 32.51% in the third quarter of 2007.

Worst quarter shown in the bar chart above: (24.31)% in the third quarter of 2008.

Average Annual Total Returns (for the periods ended December 31, 2015)

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
China Region Fund			
Return Before Taxes	(8.60)%	(4.48)%	2.26%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	(9.05)%	(4.61)%	1.41%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	(4.86)%	(3.39)%	1.72%
Hang Seng Composite Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	(4.52)%	1.91%	7.84%
MSCI All Country Far East Free ex Japan Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	(9.22)%	0.45%	6.42%

After-tax returns are calculated using highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Fund Services, LLC
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China Region Fund (USCOX)

FUND MANAGEMENT

Investment Adviser: U.S. Global Investors, Inc.

Portfolio Managers: The fund is managed by a portfolio team consisting of Mr. Frank E. Holmes and Mr. Ralph Aldis. Mr. Holmes has served as Chief Executive Officer of the fund since 1994 and Chief Investment Officer of the fund since 1999. Mr. Aldis has served as portfolio manager of the fund since 2015.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

You may purchase or sell shares of the fund through an authorized broker-dealer or directly from the fund at www.usfunds.com, by telephone at 1-800-873-8637, or by mail at the following addresses:

- **Regular Mail**
U.S. Bancorp Fund Services
c/o U.S. Global Investors Funds
P.O. Box 701 Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701
- **Overnight Mail**
U.S. Bancorp Fund Services
c/o U.S. Global Investors Funds
615 East Michigan Street
3rd Floor Milwaukee, WI 53202

Shares may be redeemed on any day the NAV per share is calculated.

Minimum Investment

Initial Purchase

- \$5,000

Additional Purchases

- \$100 minimum per transaction

Automatic Investing—ABC Investment Plan[®]

- \$1,000 initial investment if you elect to have monthly automated investments of at least \$100 per transaction. The \$1,000 initial investment must be made by check or wire.

TAX INFORMATION

The fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income, capital gains or some combination of both, unless you hold fund shares in a tax-advantaged account, in which case your distributions will be taxed upon withdrawal.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the fund and/or its related companies may pay the intermediary revenue sharing payments or a fee for certain servicing and administrative functions. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.